## Intro Thermochemistry Assignment

## Chemistry

- 1. Define the following terms
  - a) Calorimeter
  - b) Endothermic
  - c) Energy
  - d) Enthalpy
  - e) Exothermic
  - f) First Law of Thermodynamics
  - g) Heat

- h) Heat of combustion
- i) Heat of condensation
- j) Heat of formation
- k) Heat of fusion
- 1) Heat of reaction
- m) Heat of solidification
- n) Heat of solution
- o) Heat of vaporization

- p) Kinetic energy
- q) Phase change
- r) Potential energy
- s) Specific heat capacity
- t) Temperature
- u) Thermochemistry
- v) Thermodynamics

- 2. Explain the relationship between temperature and heat.
- 3. Provide examples of ways in which you rely on energy from chemical reactions.
- 4. Our society depends primarily on energy from chemical sources such as fossil fuels. What are some alternative energy sources?
- 5. a) List two energy-consuming devices that you use every day that are essential; two that are practical, efficient, or convenient; and two that are non-essential.
  - b) For each example in part (a), identify the form of the energy (e.g., electrical energy, heat, light, sound, mechanical energy, etc.)
  - c) For each example in part (a), identify the source from which the energy was obtained (e.g., chemical, nuclear, solar, geothermal, etc.).
- 6. Many different technologies, including chemical, nuclear, hydro, geothermal, solar, wind, tidal, and ocean thermal, are used to produce electrical energy. The choice of technology always involves trade-offs of competing values; for example, considerations of safety, cost, and environmental factors. List four different kinds of electric power generating plants and list two (or more) advantages and two (or more) disadvantages for each.